chool was still vine s of next ded tanbeugiigh da that ded rere that ime one fact tive very

M. Yeager house is old than that. That is a good deal to say for a town as substantial as Marlinton, with its court-house, bank buildings, school buildings, and churches. Especially the Methodist church now in the course of erection which will be one of the notable buildings of the

State. I often think of one of my boy friends many years ago saying that he had had a dream. That he seemed on top of Elk Mountain looking down over Marlins Bottom, and the bottom appeared to be roofed over. That is one dream that has come to pass.

were brought in. They were House pretty well starved. eight-Some of us old residentol was ers have never had a resieightdence in any other town or system city. And we feel that the hed, a only way that you can really SEESE ilding e Run know a town is to see it **llliam** built. With the exception of Miss the toll house and the Judge McLaughlin house, I have county seen every house built in . M. this town. If I have not Price, overlooked some odd house from or two in a hasty mental me of survey, Yes a part of the B. who M. Yeager house is older school than that. That is a good ol was deal to say for a town as , still substantial as Marlinton, Irvine with its court-house, bank ks of buildings, school buildings, next and churches. Especially raded the Methodist church now bstanin the course of erection is beTeres. the fugitives. It was sum-1: "Go mer time, but the night saw ated." one of the heaviest rainfalls se and that this country ever existrucperienced. The accused as the travelled many miles that under night but they lost their percial way and daylight found them about two miles from which town. They had wandered c recall night, confused by the a log great tempest and the Rivernetwork of streams. They er a were exhausted. They took vas a There cover in the old Hamlin some Chapel, on Stony Creek. at for They got as far as Laurel Stony Creek about ten miles from been Marlinton and surrendered House to a volunteer posse and eightwere brought in. They were ol was pretty well starved. eight-Some of us old residentsystem ers have never had a resihed, a uilding

being. ling incognito with a lig burly strange negro. R. ie had Burns arrested them hundthey were indicted and afterwards convicted of the ewing robbery of Capt. A. M. of the Edgar, held up at the point fered of a revolver in his own lieve house after nightfall. very They lulled the jailer into such a sense of security and sure when they got between him and the door of the cage, tores they shut the door and left olden and got away. A large force ough of volunteers assembled in busan hour or so and patrolled had n his the roads all night, and some found nothing. But the ations elements warred against "Go the fugitives. It was sumted." mer time, but the night saw e and one of the heaviest rainfalls strecthat this country ever exs the perienced. The accused under travelled many miles that erria

around and that they cleartrain. ed a space of some acres. It was not true. Not even an original lie. Only a localized anecdote. But for excitement over

first events let me refer you , for the to the first jail delivery. ty know when Armstrong and Cumtedated berland got out of jail at was on a dusk one evening in the bs carnineties. The jail had been to the completed and it was the a partanic by modern idea of a strong x, and jail, and it was confidently of the expected that it would hold bbs reanybody. The county had ivil war suffered a series of bold family robberies, and suspicion had attached to Alex Armat the strong, an intelligent colorbbs got ed man, a native of this , and county, who had removed is turnto an Ohio town. It was ines at thought that he raided this

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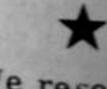
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the county court, Dr. N.R. Price. The first chief of police, J. A. Sharp. The first train to arrive at Marlinton was in the year 1900, on the completion of the track laying to this point. It was made a public ceremony and some thousands gathered here and they barbecued beef and had a celebration. They told Letter to at Ronceverte that night that when the train got here that the great crowd gathered around the locomotive, and that the engineer requested them to give him room to turn his train around and that they cleared a space of some acres. It earwas not true. Not even an ntitle original lie. Only a localized stincanecdote. But for excitement over or of we, the pa first events let me refer you r the Somoth

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had attached to Alex Amat the strong, an intelligent colorbbs got ed man, a native of this . and county, who had removed s turnto an Ohio town. It was ines at thought that he raided this at the county regularly, and that been he would come to the arly in nearest railroad station. it time and make a quick trip into n the the county and return with back his booty. This belief was was a so sure that the authories ut six waited and watched furlim hes, I to return, and he shwed at, and up one winter day treelthat I ling incognito with a WE being. burly strange negro. R. he had Burns arrested them e hundthey were indicted at patents. afterwards convicted of the sewing robbery of Capt. A. M. of the Edgar, held up at the print offered of a revolver in his own believe house after nightful. They balled the paler into g, such

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school building. The first teacher's institute was held in 1886 in the Presbyterian Church. The first church built was the Presbyterian church on the site of the present building. The first resident judge of the court, Judge S. H. Sharp. The first mayor of the town, Andrew Price. The first state senator, N. C. McNeil. The first Presidential Elector, Col. O.H. Kee. The first delegate to the legislature, L. M. Mc Clintic. The first member of the county court, Dr. N.R. Price. The first chief of police, J. A. Sharp. The first train to arrive at Marlinton was in the year

1900, on the completion of

school earlier than that lor Cre d the one of the fields on Stony Mar evard Creek has always been to i own, called the School House wer ne of Meadow. Up to the eightpre ies, the nearest school was S water Huntersville. In the eightcame ers ies, the free school system effort den having been established, a er by city one room frame building brier only was put up on the Price Run just kno where the house of William tony bui Stewart now stands. Miss plant the Emma Warwick, Judge ly in Mc Geo. W. McClintic, County ch is see Superintendent, W. M. hich this Mathews, Rev. Dr. Price, recove Squire Charles Cook, from or Rhode Island, were some of ge of sur the noted persons who e of M. taught in that little school who tha house. The next school was nant dea a two room building, still nade sub standing, as the Ira Irvine nd a

ls mer no farther to be Cheated." one The language is loose and that 18 capable of two construcper re tions. Anyway it has the trav rright to be grouped under nigh 1the head of Commercial h way Candor. e the The first school of which n tow there is any authentic recall ord was opened in a log 19 gre cabin that stood near Rivera net side. It closed after a d we session or two. It was a 88 COV private enterprise. There ril Ch must have been some $^{\rm ed}$ school earlier than that for The ne one of the fields on Stony Cre rd Creek has always been Ma n, called the School House to of Meadow. Up to the eightwei ies, the nearest school was pre Huntersville. In the eight-

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taken out some one hundan-Bur red and sixty three patents.
The Wilcox & Gibbs sewing hat the ed afte machine is still one of the rol standard machines offered 1e E to the public, and I believe [e of it is considered the very h e best for heavy sewing, such as leather. I am not sure IS about this. e One of the earliest stores was opened by Paul Golden ot who is still with us though is not in the mercantile business. A sign that he had oe painted on the store in his of early days caused some a hilarity among the nations nin the world. It read: "Go dsno farther to be Cheated." d. The language is loose and as capable of two construcre tions. Anyway it has +L

taught in that little school house. The next school was a two room building, still standing, as the Ira Irvine building on the banks of Knapps Creek. The next was the present graded school building, a substantial brick, which has become too small though augmented by a still finer high school property. We had a great time building that eight roomed brick graded school, and there were many that predicted that there never would be a time when there was need of one half such a building. In fact even in that comparative recent time, it was very

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tised some few years earlier, but it did not entitle the inventor to the distinction of being the inventor of the sewing machine, for the people of this vicinity know the Gibbs' idea antedated the lock stitch, and was on a different idea. Gibbs carried his invention to the north and formed a partnership with a mechanic by the name of Wilcox, and the manufacture of the machines began. Gibbs returned home, the Civil war broke out, the Gibbs family starved almost and at the end of five years Gibbs got back to Delaware, and found that Wilcox was turn-

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back to Delaware, and found that Wilcox was turning out sewing machines at a great rate, and that the share of Gibbs had been put to his credit regularly in a bank, and from that time Gibbs was rich. In the nineties Gibbs came back for several visits. He was a very tall man-about six feet and seven inches, I think, wore a silk hat, and had the biggest nose that I ever saw on a human being. He said at that time he had taken out some one hundred and sixty three patents. The Wilcox & Gibbs sewing machine is still one of the standard machines offered

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the flood of 1877, which is the highest water of which there is any authentic record.

This mill was in charge of a man by the name of James E. A. Gibbs, who was a man of the tenant class, and who barely made a living for himself and a large family. In fact the main remembrance that the older people had of the family was the struggle that they had to keep from starving. It was during this time that Gibbs was working on his model for a sewing machine. He fashioned a working model out of wood from a laurel root, which developed the idea of the chain stitch sewing machine, which entitles him to the claim of being an inventor of first order. The lock stitch idea was adver-

Superi Mathe Squire Rhode the n taught house a two standi buildi Knap was : school tial b come mente school great eight : school many there I when t half su even i recent

his fidus Achates. In those abo C early days of Washington's was life, there can be no doubt Irs. who ere that this was one of his not who most familiar haunts. ine Bot-The first bank to be pai established was the Bank of nice ear Marlinton, followed in a rere hila und few weeks by the Pocahonin t tas Bank, which afterwards een no over became the First National. The the The first newspaper was cap all The Times. The first store tion iled was opened by J. R. Apperrig. lady son in a house now occuthe dapied as a dwelling which Car nrisstands directly opposite the ime. entrance of the bridge on the the the west side of the river. ord usly The first business of any cab n to kind established here was a sid to combined sawmill and ses carding mill built by James

stands directly opposite the The ame. entrance of the bridge on o the there i the west side of the river. ord w ously The first business of any cabin t n to kind established here was a side. to combined sawmill and e of sessio carding mill built by James privat ause A. Price before the Civil must e in war and which was located school ame in the low place called the the one o slough along the boulevard Creek Marleading to Campbelltown, called be a just opposite the home of Mead ould A. C. Pifer. ies, th ame It was run by water Hunte porpower, and the water came ies, th oped from Stony Creek. An effort havin eded to augment this power by one r good water from the Greenbrier was p por-River from an intake just Virwhere below the mouth of Stony Stewa Creek failed, and the plant at I Emm itself was washed away in here Geo. the flood of 1877, which is e on Super the highest water of which river Mathe

Complete Danking Facilities MBS Monroe county. He was a tised so great lawyer. He was of lier, bu the inve commanding appearance. exce Over six feet tall, with a tion of b Me heavy black beard. He the sew 54, weighed three hundred and people the Gil

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- fifteen pounds.
- Es The first sheriff of the yea county lived here, Major vanc William Poage. His house was near Eleventh Street on Camden Avenue. In this 1975 house was born James A. '76 Moffett, who was in his lifetime the president of the
- Standard Oil Company of Indiana. The first postmaster was James Ataly Price. ar-The first student to go to en college from this place was nd the late Rev. Wm. T. Price, me A.B., A.M., D.D., who was

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both here in 1000, and who 4 6 to departed this life here at sha nty the age of ninety-one years. put sk The first recorded land a b Gil thtitle was 480 acres taking in nir ry a great part of the level for land which dates from a ng ve survey made in 1751, by int fee Gen. Andrew Lewis. This get thi land is mentioned in his will ha as being at the mouth of eve Ewings Creek, by which He name Knapps Creek was catake first known. Too much canred not be made of this fact that The Gen. Andrew Lewis owned on Jama the heart of this town from sta 1751 to his death some He to thirty years afterwards. He it ind was a great general of the b€ uch Revolutionary War, and as George Washington was ab his fidus Achates. In those linof McGraws. And so the name continues to be Marlinton, and it would be a bold bad citizen who would suggest a change of name now that a large and important town has developed under it, and has succeeded in acquiring more "good will" than any of the important centers of West Virginia.

The first court that I know of being held here was under an oak tree on the west side of the river above the bridge by Squire G.M. Kee. The first lawyer ever heard plead in Marinton was F. J. Snyder, a noted lawyer who lived in Huntersville. And he was opposed that day by L. M. McClintic, who is still with us, and who was just starting on his professional career.

The first term of the Circuit Court was held in June or October, 1893, The slough alon leading to just opposi A. C. Pifer

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McClintic, who is still with
us, and who was just starting on his professional career.

The first term of the Circuit Court was held in June or October, 1893. The election to move the county seat from Huntersville to Marlinton was held in the fall of 1891, and a building at the corner of Fourth Avenue and Ninth Street was erected which is still called the Temporary Court house. The judge was Judge A. N. Campbell, of

ora. This mill a man by James E. was a ma class, and a living fo large fam main reme older peo family was they had starving. It time that (ing on h sewing ma ioned a wo of wood fro which deve the chain machine, him to the

inventor of

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it or when it is finished.

This is a history of Marlinton printed in the Pocahontas Times in 1923.

First Things in Marlinton The first settler was Jacob Marlin, and from him the town got its name. He was here in 1749, and nobody knows how much earlier. The place was first called Marlins Bottom. Changed in 1887 to Marlinton at the request of a Mrs. Skyles who moved here from Baltimore and who objected to the word Bottom as not being a nice word. The old timers were horrified when they found that the name had been changed on them over night, so to speak, but the damage was done, and all appeals to Congress failed to undo the harm. The lady soon afterwards moved away but she left us christened with a new name.

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horrified when they found that the name had been changed on them over night, so to speak, but the damage was done, and all appeals to Congress failed to undo the harm. The lady soon afterwards moved away but she left us christened with a new name. About twenty years ago the town almost unanimously petitioned Washington to change the name MeGraw. This change of name was refused because there was a postoffice in West Virginia by the name of McGraws. And so the name continues to be Marlinton, and it would be a bold bad citizen who would suggest a change of name now that a large and important town has developed under it, and has succeeded in acquiring more "good will" than any of the imporMarlin few we tas Bar becam

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Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

County History

We got started on Marlinton school history, then came the opera house, and this week we have some more recollections.

One of the Bicentennial Committee's projects is to bring Pocahontas County history up to date. We ask that every community gather together what history has been written and bring it up to date. We will print it in parts as you seek to get it or when it is finished.

This is a history of Marlinton printed in the Pocahontas Times in 1923.

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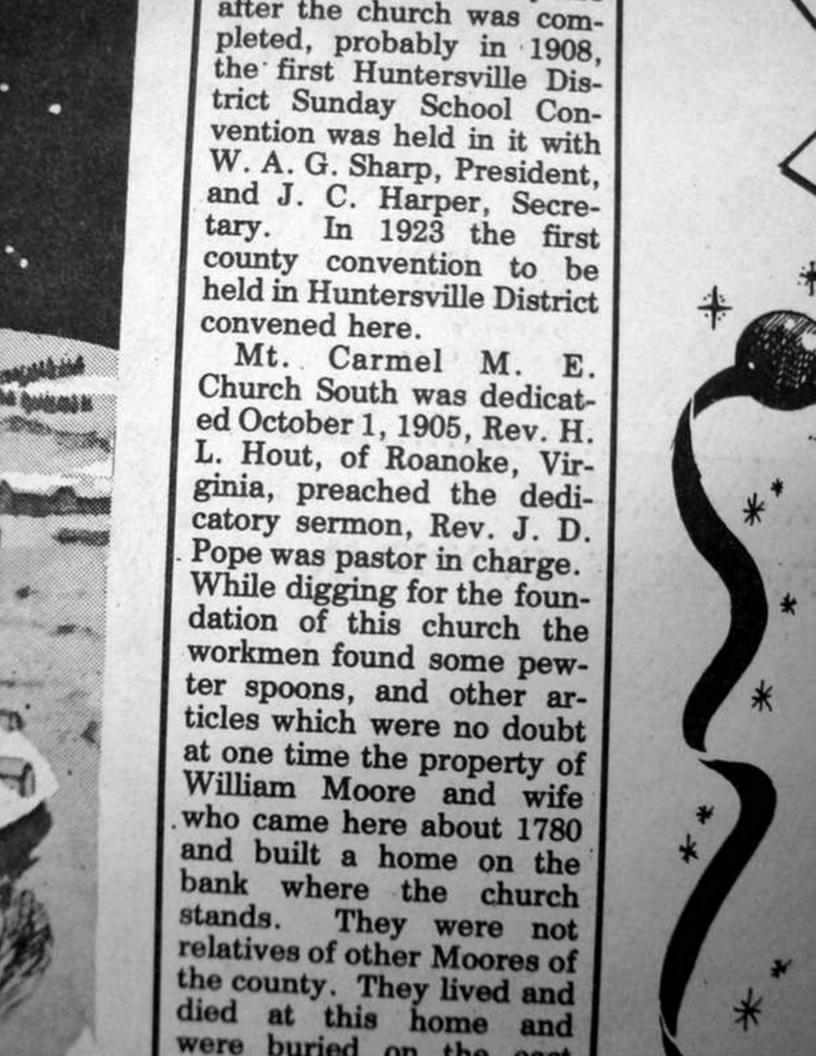
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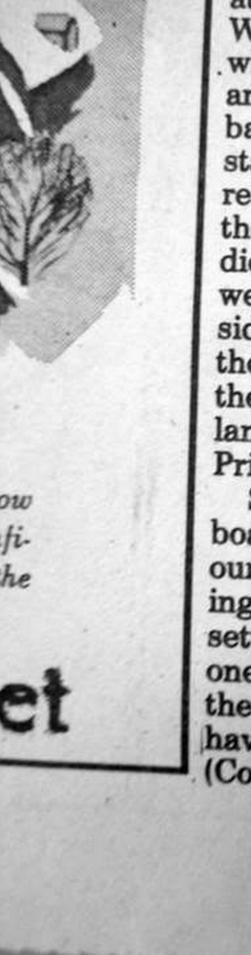


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and in schoolhouses. For some years after the building of the church the congregation was supplied by the ministers from South Branch Charge of Highland County, Virginia. Later it had a pastor of its own, but at the present time it is again supplied by an occasional visiting pas-During all this time there has been a Sunday School in progress and to the present time the little band of Lutherans have been loyal to the church of their choice.

The Westminster Presbyterian Church was built in 1903, Rev. G. W. Nickell was pastor. A few years after the church was completed, probably in 1908, the first Huntersville District Sunday School Convention was held in it with W. A. G. Sharp, President, and J. C. Harper, Secretary. In 1923 the first county convention to be held in Huntersville District





at one time the property of William Moore and wife who came here about 1780 and built a home on the bank where the church stands. They were not relatives of other Moores of the county. They lived and died at this home and were buried on the east side of the creek just below the grove of pine trees near the line, separating the land owned by Mrs. E. A. Pritchard and G. M. Sharp.

Schools—We do not boast of any high school in our community at this writing for reason that the settlement is a scattered one, but we are proud of the progress the schools have made since the age of (Continued to another page)

way of the Mill Run at I. B. Moore's.

Mt. Vernon Church was erected in 1856. A noticeable feature of this building is the good quality of the lumber used. Scarcely a defective spot can be seen in the ceiling. John Mc-Elwee and son did the carpenter work. All the lumber was planed by hand at the shop on the land owned by Moses Moore who was a noted Christian character.

Trinity M. E. Church at Frost was dedicated in 1888. The opening prayer was offered by Rev. Wm. T. Price of Marlinton. The dedicatory sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Niece of Monroe County. His text was taken from Galatians, sixth chapter and second verse: "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ." Rev. George





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Niece of Monroe County. His text was taken from Galatians, sixth chapter and second verse: "Bear ye one another's burdens. and so fulfill the law of Christ." Rev. George Spencer was the pastor in Other ministers charge. present were Wm. and O. B. Sharp, both natives of Frost. New Hope Lutheran at

Minnehaha was built in 1893 through efforts of Henry White, Sr., and his family who came to Douthards Creek in 1876. Before building the church they had occasional services by Lutheran pastors in their homes, in nearby churches, and in schoolhouses. For some years after the building of the church the congregation was supplied by the ministers from the South Branch Charge of Highland County, Virginia. Later it had a pastor of its own, but at the present time it is again supplied by an occasional visiting pas1

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gheny Mountains ja posite the old Harper Mill. We find from the old land grants made by governors of Virginia where corners were called for on this road which was then known as Knapp's Spur, or the Spur Road. This name was likely given it because it was the road traveled by Mr. Knapp who will always be honored by the valley that has been named for him.

While road is now only a pathway and but little traveled in this age of auto- Harper mobiles it shows evidence grain to of having been dug or The fir graded in a few places to Pocahe where it leads up a ridge on brought o each side of the mountain. Road and For years the people of hollow w Back Creek used it in Church coming horseback to the which w

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ried to the early established offices it was only brought on Wednesdays and Saturdays. One of the early mail routes was Huntersville to Mill Gap in Virginia.

Roads—The people were very much handicapped in their efforts to travel. Like Daniel Boone when he went to Kentucky they had to make the roads when they came to the country. The first known road leading from what is now Virginia into the Knapps Creek Valley came across the Allegheny Mountains just opposite the old Harper Mill. We find from the old land grants made by governors of Virginia where corners were called for on this road which was then known as Knapp's Spur, or the Spur Road. This name was likely given it because it was the road traveled by Mr.





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Lockridge, deceased, a mice hotel was built for accommodation of tourists and all those seeking a pleasant summer resort surrounded by beautiful The mountain scenery. next year the Allegheny Club House was built. It is also a magnificent building, well located on a hill overlooking Knapps Valley. When these improvements were made the name of the place was changed from Driscol to Minnehaha Springs, an Indian name signifying "Laughing Water."

When mail was first carried to the early established offices it was only brought on Wednesdays and Saturdays. One of the early mail routes was Huntersville to Mill Gap in Virginia.

Roads—The people were very much handicapped in their efforts to travel. Like Daniel Boone when he went (Continued)

name because there was an office directly east of here in Bath County, Virginia, by the name of Sunrise.

Another postoffice which was not established till later years was called Driscol, and derived its name from Col. John Driscol who had much timber cut in this region. D. B. McElwee was the postmaster at Driscol for a number of years. In 1914, largely through the efforts of our highly esteemed physician, Dr. J. B. Lockridge, deceased, a nice hotel was built for the accommodation of tourists and all those seeking a pleasant summer resort surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery. next year the Allegher

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established at the village of Frost in 1853. Francis Dever was the first postmaster. In conversing with the oldest person in the community, Mrs. Ellen Buzzard, who was ninetynine years of age on June 23, 1924, she says she does not remember how the name originated, but the presumption is that the name Frost was given to the office on account of the high altitude. Early storekeepers were Francis Dever, Stuart Wade, Samuel Gibson, and J. B. Hannah.

postoffice was

Before "Uncle Sam" fav ored the people with a Rural Free Delivery Route there was a post office on Knapps Creek near the Mt. Carmel and Westminster Churches known as Sunset. Someone suggested this Wi

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Daugherty had the first one. Mr. Ruckman did grinding on this mill for a period of eleven years, discontinuing the industry probably twelve or fifteen years ago.

The Civil War.—No battles of the Civil War were fought on the territory embraced within the Knapps Creek Community but brave men who have lived here were in the service.

Some were valiant soldiers of the Federal Army while others joined the ranks of the Confederacy. Squads of Yankees frequently passed through this section and General Averill, a Union Commander, with his army, camped one night at Frost, marching on the next day to Huntersville.

Establishment of Post Offices—A postoffice was established at the village of with the grist mill Mr. Harper had a sawmill which has already been mentioned, a tan yard, and one of the old fashioned tilt-hammer blacksmith shops. The tilt-hammer was run by waterpower. The mill for grinding grain crushed the kernels between two large revolving stones which were brought from Rockbridge County, Virginia. It was not used longer than 1896.

A mill of later years was the one built by Wellington G. Ruckman on the same stream where Michael Daugherty had the first one. Mr. Ruckman did grinding on this mill for a period of eleven years, discontinuing the industry probably twelve or fifteen

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where Mrs. E. A. Pritchard now lives.

The first circular saw mill in this neighborhood was brought here from Augusta county, Virginia, for Wise Herold and I. B. Moore. Many people visited the new mill to observe its working.

Grist Mills.-The first mill to grind grain was the one owned by Michael Daugherty on the Mill Run where he settled. Peter Lightner, who was a well known citizen here in 1855, had a mill on the run at D. W. Dever's. Joseph Sharp, a pioneer of Frost, had a where A. A. Sharp now resides, one-half mile from the village.

Henry Harper also had a grist mill which ground wheat, corn and buckwheat. It was located on the farm owned by Harmon Shinaberry. In connection

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Offices-A p established a Frost in 18 Dever was t master. In co the oldest p community, Buzzard, wh nine years o 23, 1924, she not remem name origin presumption name Frost the office on high altitude keepers wer er, Stuart Gibson, and Before "L

ored the p Rural Free there was a Knapps Cree Carmel and Churches kn Someone s Estate 799-6415 million feet have been taken from Knapps Creek and Douthards Creek and some valuable tracts are still standing.

The first saw mills to dot this section were the up and down mills run by water power. If we are rightly informed, there were three of these; one owned and operated by the Moore's at a point about opposite the Moore school house, one was on the Lockridge farm where Douthards creek unites with Knapps creek, and the third mill was built by Henry Harper and operated by him and his son Samuel, for a number of years. This last mill continued sawing until about 1890 and was the last mill of its kind to be operated in the community. Sometime during the eighties P.M. Harper sawed lumber on this mill to build his house

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Harper Mill bringing their grain to be ground.

The first wagon brought or ces to Pocahontas County was on brought over Knapp's Spur in. Road and was taken up the of hollow where Westminster in Church now stands and he which was known as Ervine Hollow at that time, and on to Clover Lick where it was used.

As the valley improved and fields fenced the road was kept on the Allegheny side the greater part of the way. On account of the shade and ice there in winter parts of it were changed from time to time until the entire road was made on the opposite side of the valley. The last change was made about forty years ago by two colored men, Jacob Kernel and Andrew Daughterty of Frost.

The State re-graded the road in 1923, making it much wider to accommodate the increased traffic.

Churches-In 1833 Mt. Zion Church in "The Hills" It is a log was built. structure but has been materially repaired and is still used for a house of worship. Previous to the erection of Mt. Vernon Church people of Upper Knapps Creek attended services at Mt. Zion. Many of them went horseback across the country by the

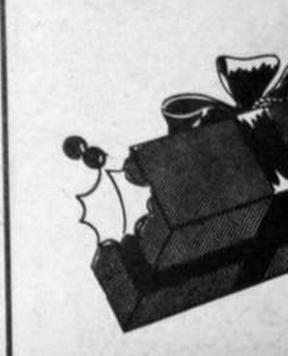


(Continued from former page famous gun in its day. We are told that one of these guns may be seen at The Pocahontas Times Office. There may be some other hollows along the mountain that received names from men who were not permanent settlers.

A fine lot of white pine timber stood along the foot of the Alleghany. Nearly all the good trees that grew on the level were destroyed because the settlers needed improved land more than timber. A number of sugar groves were left for the purpose of making maple sugar and molasses.

The mountain timber has been going on the market since 1890. The white pine was cut first. The logs were peeled and floated down Knapps creek and the Greenbrier River to Ronceverte where they were manufactured by the St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company.

Capt. A. E. Smith and James Whiting, who did



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been going on the market since 1890. The white pine was cut first. The logs were peeled and floated down Knapps creek and the Greenbrier River to Ronceverte where they were manufactured by the St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company.

Capt. A. E. Smith and James Whiting, who did business under the firm name of Smith and Whiting, had ten million feet of white pine cut each year for a period of six or seven years.

At that time the hardwood seemed to be of little value. During the past fifteen or twenty years it has been cut rapidly, perhaps as much as one hundred and fifty to two hundred million feet have been taken from Knapps Creek and Douthards Creek and some valuable tracts are still standing.

The first saw mills to dot this section were the up and down mills run by water power. If we are rightly informed, there were three of these; one owned and operated by the Moore's at

a point about



we could no wish for ... a happier oc than this Ch

to wish them

Better friend

History of Knapps Creek Community

Frost, Knapp's Creek, and Minnehaha Neighborhoods Consisting of "The Hills," Written by Enid Harper, In 1924

the rugged mountain side near Paddys Knob, a peak In the eastern part of Pocahontas County, West Alleghany Mountains about five miles above Frost. Its Frost. The East fork of the creek is fed by a stream which comes forth out of with an elevation of 4450 Virginia, is Knapps Creek which has its source in the almost twenty miles from two branches unite at Frost from which place it continues to flow along the base of the mountains to the place where it empties into Greenbrier River Marlinton, a distance

One of the principal tributaries of Knapps Creek of

the Minnehaha neighbor- where there is hood is Douthards Creek which carries with it the two other streams, Browns Cummings Creek from the Creek from one side and waters of Cochrans and ville Knapps Creek receives Laurel Creeks. At Huntersother.

from Springs. - Along the valley are numerous limestone springs, the waters of which are cold, an indication of purity. These help to make the creek larger. The pold under a hill near the fine down the valley we find the at D.W. Dever's flowing go on to W. G. Ruckman's stream called Hill Run near ceives water from a number of springs within a half cattle graze. From here we home of S. Gibson. Further mile. Next is the Mill Run through his farm where fine I.B. Moore's which refirst of them is a spring gushing out

a magnificent never-failing ume. The source of it is also another stream of about equal vol-Stream.

medical nature. It has been shipped to various parts of spring is of a healing and The crystal water of this Last but not least is the famous Minnehaha Spring on the Lockridge property the country.

These are very productive lands and are excellent for at one time heavily timbered but now only Origin of Names. - "The and grazing. They Hills" is the hilly region on small tracts remain uncut. the northwest of the valley Were fret.

Early Doughe land, se near wh lives ab He was

> of Knapp who came into the honor of a man by the name ed to Knapps Creek in Creek in the earliest land good community takes its name was known as Ewings The creek from which our papers but was soon chang

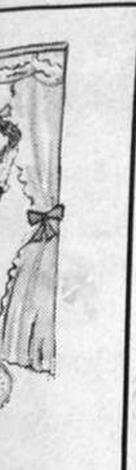
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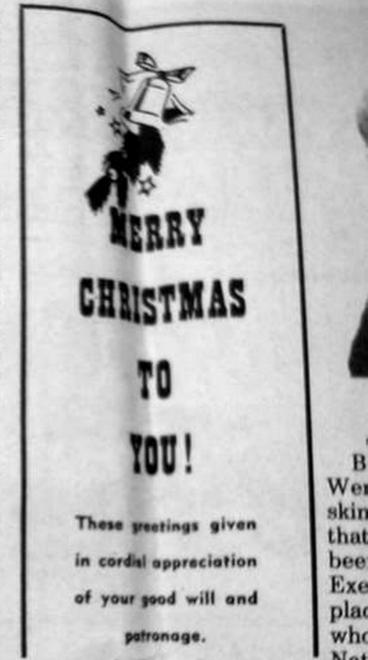
le to say school was A person us of one re in an old before the some later

Homes-The pioneer homes have mostly been replaced by new modern buildings. A telephone line reaches nearly every one. Many of the houses have been provided with water system and light plants.

The only brick residence in the valley is the one where I. B. Moore dwells. Mr. Moore's father had this house built. The man who had the contract burned the brick and did all the work for the consideration of two sorrel horses. The home has been well preserved to this day.

Conclusion-In conclusion I wish to say that Knapp's Creek Community has furnished to the world ministers, college professors, a judge, doctors, lawyers, civil engineers, teachers and people of many professions. Seven teachers have come from Douthard's Creek School alone since 1910.

We are all very much indebted to Rev. Wm. T. Price for the history he recorded and left us. It is to be hoped that the people of each neighborhood will follow his example and keep a record of future events in a more accurate manner than they have in the days past.



Watson & Grace Underwood and EmmaJean Blankenship

Ben-Wood Market

Christmas Wishes Never a Christmas morning Never the old year ends. But hearts are warmed By just the thought of loved ones and of friends. there's a special

pleasure wing Christmas of Exe plac who Nat Sco

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ages three to live are welcome to attend. charge of fifty cents per child is asked to cover cost of necessary supplies. Visit your library.

> valley from Virginia prior to 1749. His report of this country probably led Marlin and Sewell to make explorations in the Greenbrier Valley. At first the name of the creek was spelled N-a-p-s, later it was changed to K-n-a-p-p-s.

> While here Knapp lived in a cabin on the west side of the creek about opposite the place where Mrs. P.L. Cleek now resides. It is not definitely known what be-

came of him.

Indians.—There are evidences that the Indians once roamed through the thick forests which covered what is now our beautiful section of country. Pieces of flint have been found by our citizens which were no doubt used by the Red Race. There was an Indian burial ground on a flat above the road a short distance up the valley from I.B. Moore's dwelling. Indications were to the older people that several Indians had been buried here. It has been said that a few relics were found in later years when some excavations were made.

Early Settlers. - Michael Dougherty, a native of Ireland, settled in our valley near where W. G. Ruckman lives about the year of 1770. He was one of the first to occupy the Knapps Creek

Region.

The same year Moses Moore of Virginia, came to Knapps Creek. It is interesting to note that he bought the land extending from J. L. Herold's to D.

Office

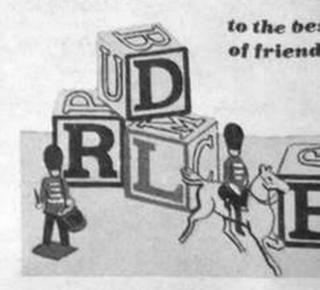
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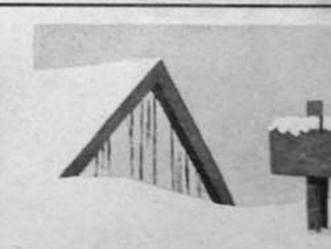
Origin of Names .- "The Hills" is the hilly region on he northwest of the valley. These are very productive ands and are excellent for rust and grazing. They very at one time heavily umbered but now only unall tracts remain uncut.

The creek from which our good community takes its name was known as Ewings Creek in the earliest land papers but was soon changed to Knapps Creek in honor of a man by the name of Knapp who came into the

Happy Holidau



FRISCO'S AMOCO STA'



We are truly grateful for the stea enduring friendships that have been ti of our success in the past. May good favor each of you in every moment Yuletide Season and the year ahead.

English steeling. One of the

further up the valley above C. D. Newman's. When it was decided that this structure could not be used any longer the house in which school is taught at this time was built.

The first school taught at Cove Hill near Frost was approximately in 1894 by J. M. Barnett.

Douthards Creek schoolhouse was built in 1910. It has also been used for preaching services and Sunday School.

A one-room building was first at Minnehaha Springs. It was probably erected twenty-five years ago. The two-roomed building was put up in 1915. W. L. Herold was the contractor.

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been constructed at the present location. It was destroyed by fire a few years ago. The building in which school is taught now, was located on the site of the old one.

The Moore schoolhouse first stood on the east side of the creek at the foot of the Allegheny Mountain, a short distance above Coe Beverage's, as the road was there at that time. Later, after the road was changed the schoolhouse of this sub-district was built further up the valley above C. D. Newman's. When it was decided that this structure could not be used any longer the house in which school is taught at this time was built.

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MUO SHORIGI GOOGLIGE COLOR additional room was added. When the Civil War began school was being taught by Miss Mattie Gum, the mother of the late George Gingar, of Huntersville, in a log school house which stood on the knoll near L. R. Hively's residence. The next building used for school in the Sunset neighborhood was on the hill not far from J. A. Cleeks. The last term taught here was by Enoch H. Moore in the year of 1896 and 1897. By the next winter a new building had been constructed at the present location. It was destroyed by fire a few years ago. The building in which school is taught now, was located on the site of the old one. The Moore schoolhouse first stood on the east side of the creek at the foot of



Open Church Wedding

Mr. and Mrs. John David Roach, of Knoxville, Tennessee, announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy June, to Michael David Crist, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Crist, of Arbovale. Miss Roach is a teacher at Eastern Academy in Norfolk, Virginia, and Mr. Crist is presently serving aboard the U.S.S. Hammerhead, also in Norfolk. The wedding is planned for December 27, 1975, at three o'clock in the afternoon, in the Arbovale United Methodist Church.

Correction

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mullenax and daughter, Kelly, were omitted from the guest list attending the 35th Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Mullenax.

Mrs. Sam Barlow, Sr., Mrs. Claude Malcomb, Mrs. Arden Killingsworth, and Miss Julia Price visited Sweet Springs Tuesday, December 9, and visited with Margaret Moore, Warren Arbogast, and Moody McNeill.

Surprise Birthday Party

A surprise birthday party was given for Mrs. Eva Galford at the home of her daughter, Bonnie Garretson, on November 27, 1975. The birthday party was given by her daughters, Bonnie Garretson, Shirley Cutlip, Margaret Sheets and son, Donald Galford, Jr.

A beautiful birthday cake baked by Judy Galford, was served to the following:

Genevieve Wilfong, Joan Cutlip and son, Terry, Linda Sharp, son Roger, Shirley Cutlip, children, Larry, Gary, Cheryl, Betty Wilfong and children, David, Eddy, Kevin, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Galford, Jr., Bonnie Garretson and son, Tony, Margaret Sheets, Teddy Dunbrack, Kenny Cohenour, Sam Biggs, David Cain and Donald Galford

Those sending gifts but did not attend were Mrs. Flossie Campbell and Ruth, Polly Cain, Juanita Mc-Laughlin, Ruth Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. Stewey Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Wilfong.

Door prizes were won by Teddy Dunbrack and Linda Sharp.

Awards Pack Mee

Pack meeting, in the I basemen ton had t Den 4 ar sang s songs.

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and re given ou 1. Jane Burns, d Withers, gold and Chris Ca Burns. Mike Par pins; Der and Let mothers Bobcat Scott N Matt Me Richard I year pin and Chuc pins: Den carelli, de

my Sheets

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Continued the log schoolhouse.

We are unable to say when the first school was taught in Frost. A person now living tells us of one being taught there in an old store building before the Civil War. At some later period a one room schoolhouse was built near the location of the present two-roomed house. This was abandoned in 1912 and a modern schoolhouse was erected. In 1923 it was found to be too small to accommodate the pupils who should attend and an additional room was added.

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